FTP Safety Subcommittee

Web Meeting

presented to

FTP Safety Subcommittee

Dana Reiding, FDOT

Lora Hollingsworth, FDOT



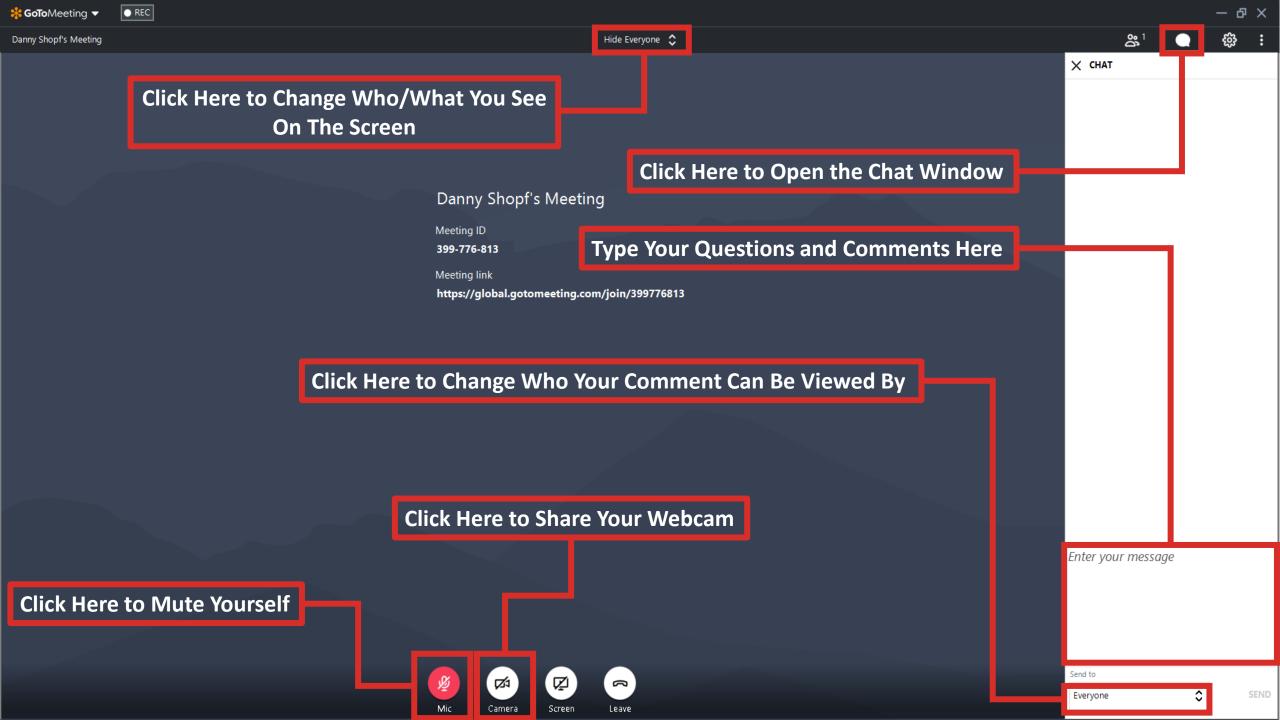
June 11, 2020

Your Florida. Your vision. Your plan.

GoTo Meeting Instructions

- Recently Updated
- Please mute your phone when you are not talking.
 - Don't put us on hold or take another call. We will hear your hold music.





Existing FTP Steering Committee Organizations					
Laura Cantwell	AARP				
Jennifer Ray	Florida Department of Health				
Courtney Drummond	Florida Department of Transportation				
David Hawk	Federal Highway Administration				
Major Jeff Dixon	Florida Highway Patrol				
Jeff Branch	Florida League of Cities				
Lisa Bacot	Florida Public Transportation Association				
Peggy Smith	Florida's Rail Industry				
Margaret Wuerstle	Florida Regional Councils Association				
Ananth Prasad	Florida Transportation Builders Association				
The Honorable Bryan Caletka	MPO Advisory Council				
Cl : D l:					

Florida Association of County Engineers and Road Superintendents (FACERS)

Small County Coalition Chris Doolin

Organizations Not Represented on the FTP Steering Committee

TEAM FL

Urban Land Institute (ULI)

Florida Police Chiefs Association

Florida Sheriffs Association

Brady Nepple

Ken Stapleton

Ramon Gavarrete

Chief Art Bodenheimer

Sheriff Bobby McCallum

Meeting Objectives

Receive Update on FDOT's Vital Few

Review FTP and SHSP Strategy Development Process

Discuss Emerging Safety Issues

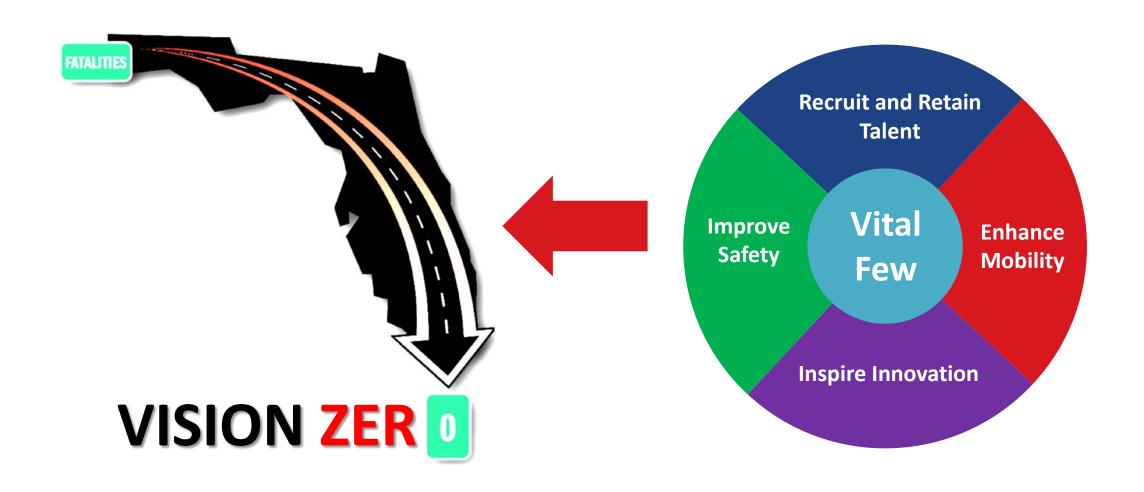
Discuss Potential Safety Strategies



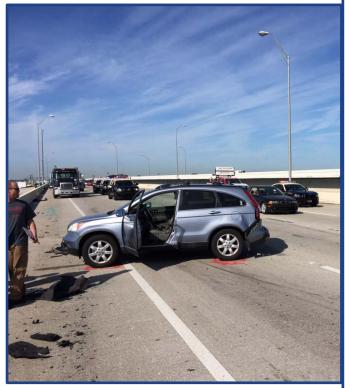


Safety Vital Few

Introduction



Problem Identification: Data



		2018	2017	2016	% Change	3 Year
					2016 -2018	Average
ı	All Crashes	403,626	402,385	395,785	1.98%	400,599
ı	All Fatalities	3,135	3,116	3,176	-1.29%	3,142
	All Injuries	236,157	254,310	254,155	-7.08%	248,207
	Fatality Rate Per 100M					
	VMT	1.41	1.42	1.48	-0.70	1.44
	Pedestrian Fatalities	720	659	667	7.95%	682
	Pedestrian Injuries	7,935	8,126	7,796	1.78%	7,952
	Bicyclist Fatalities	160	128	140	14.29%	143
	Bicyclist Injuries	6,183	6,263	6,234	-0.82%	6,227
	Intersection Fatalities	1,194	1,295	1,208	-1.15%	1,232
	Intersection Injuries	107,852	115,267	112,438	-4.08%	111,852
	Lane Departure Fatalities	1,385	1,396	1,480	-6.42%	1,396
	Lane Departure Injuries	55,336	56,535	59,652	-7.24%	57,174

Evaluation

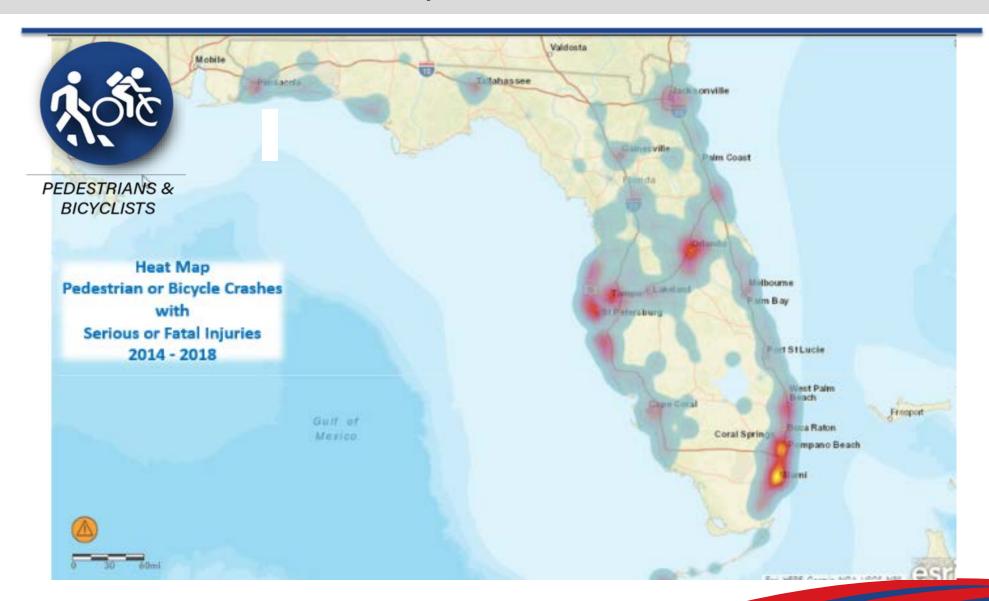
What will success look like?



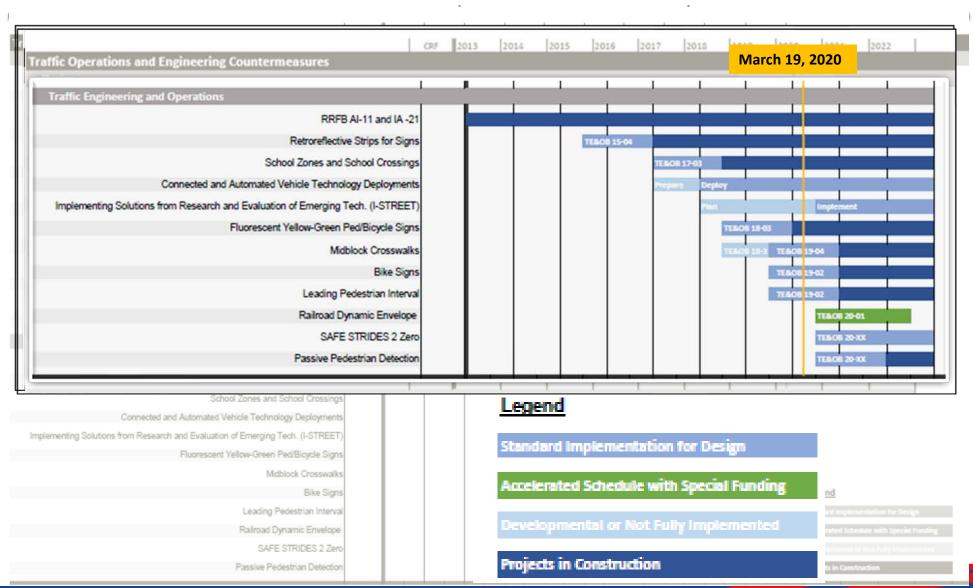
Collaboration



Pedestrians/Bicyclists Problem Identification



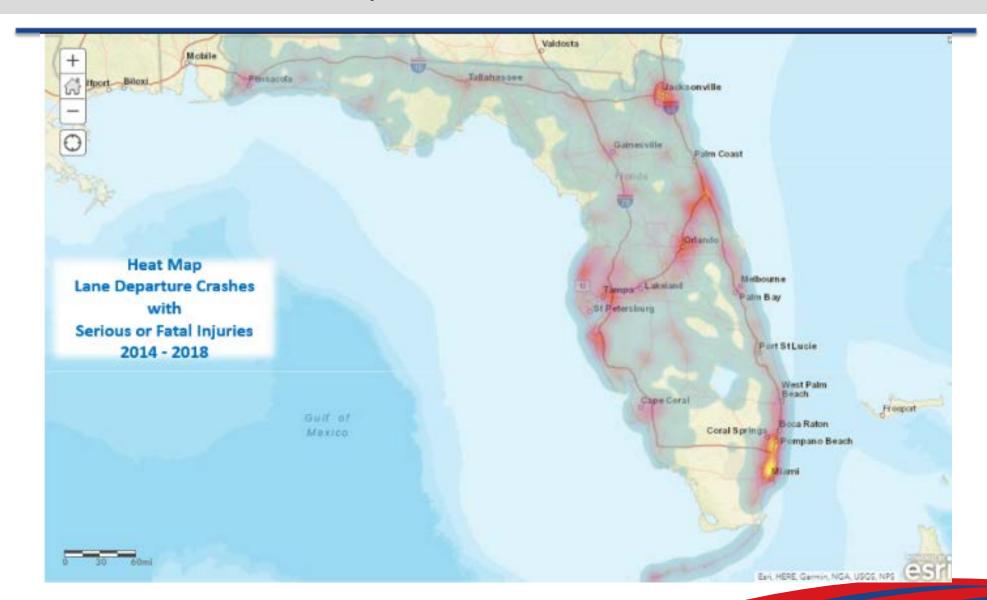
Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Team



Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety Team

- Conducted three Team Meetings
- The breadth of Pedestrian and Bicycle Safety requires a comprehensive approach. Our plan will maximize effectiveness by taking a collaborative approach.
 - Education on current resources and countermeasures.
 - Identification of ongoing efforts (CO & Districts). Leverage efforts, not duplicating them.
 - Develop a comprehensive "Matrix" which captures ongoing efforts, new ideas and barriers to implementation. Prioritize and further delineate into short-term and long-term goals.
 - Strategy will include developing sub-teams working concurrently to maximize schedule.

Lane Departures Problem Identification

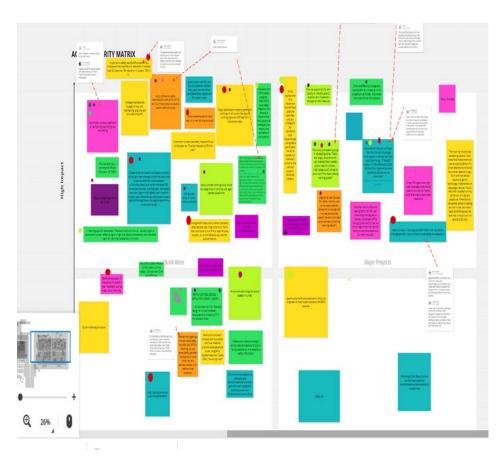


Lane Departure Safety Team



Lane Departure Safety Team

- Using a virtual Concept Board to generate ideas
- Identifying and analyzing safety data
- Evaluating program areas to achieve safety goals
- Reviewing partner agency initiatives to find opportunities for collaboration
- Analyze and implement countermeasures already underway & measure effectiveness



Lane Departure Safety Team

Panama

Develop Action Plan

Incorporate Short, Intermediate and Long-Range Actions needed to move the needle



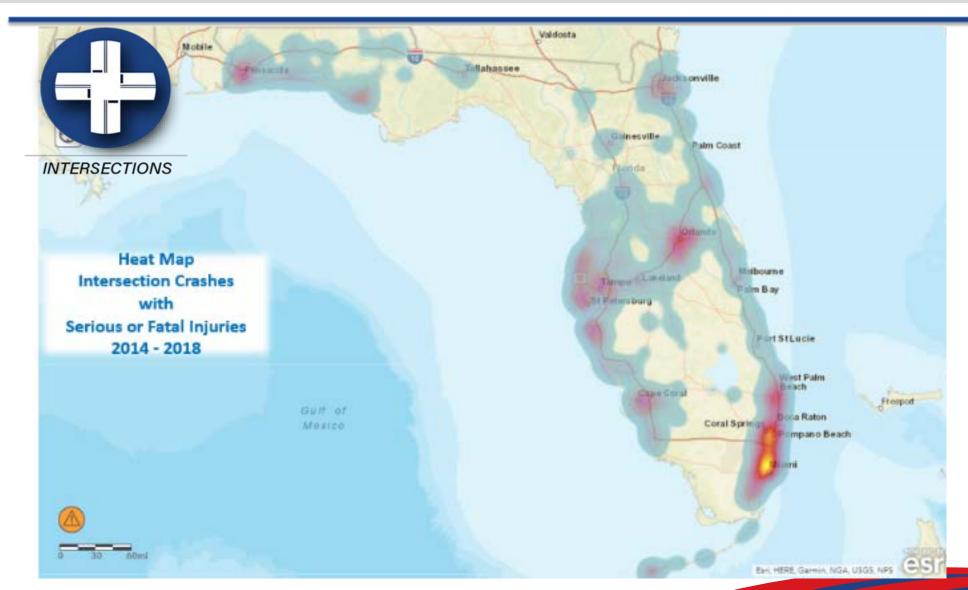
One Short Term Solution

Identify locations of high lane departure crash types and align with existing 5-year work program. Review scope of work and identify appropriate counter measures.

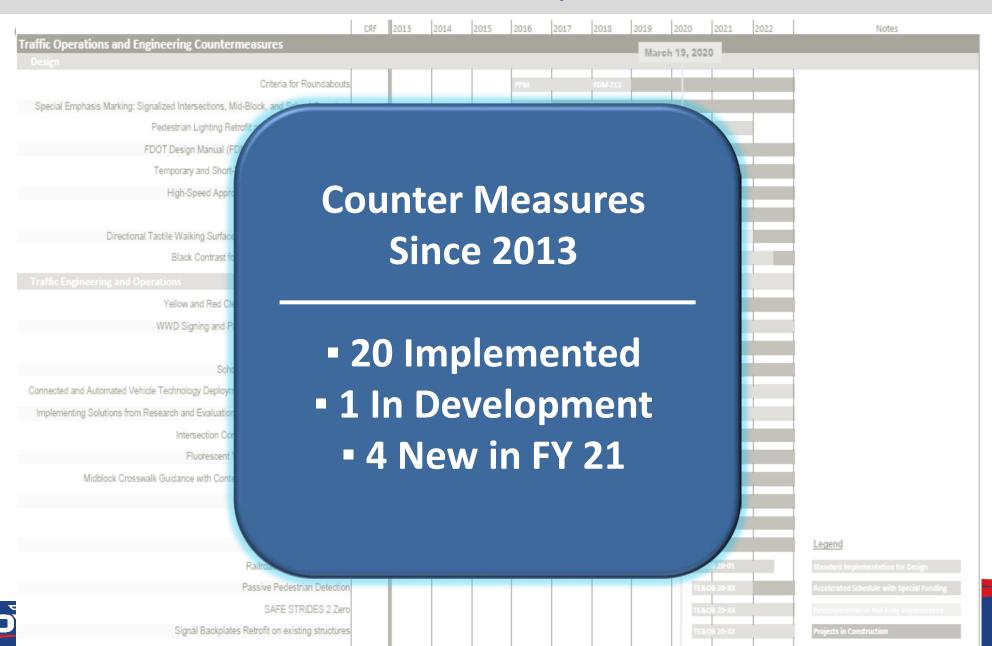
Lane Departure Crash Analysis* Interstate Segments above 5 Mile Length - Urban Areas Interstate Segments below 5 Mile Length - Urban Areas Interstate Segments above 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Interstate Segments Below 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Non-Interstate Segments above 5 Mile Length - Urban Areas Non-Interstate Segments above 5 Mile Length - Urban Areas Non-Interstate Segments below 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Non-Interstate Segments above 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Non-Interstate Segments below 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Non-Interstate Segments below 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Non-Interstate Segments below 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Non-Interstate Segments below 5 Mile Length - Rural Areas Double Segments Analysis Reporting System (CARS) were spatially joined to the dosest restricted by computing crashes per million vehicle miles (VMI) traveled for each segment.



Intersections Problem Identification



Intersection Safety Team



Intersection Safety Team

- Identifying existing intersection safety efforts
- Analyzing best practices from each District
- Expanding discipline involvement to capture all aspects of intersections
- Reviewing training options and availability
- Brainstorming enforcement and education opportunities with partner agencies







Review FTP and SHSP Strategy Development Process

Draft FTP Policy Element Outline

- Vision and Policy Framework recap vision and introduce cross cutting themes
- Goals describe goals/objectives and identify progress indicators
- Strategies introduce small number (10-15) of bold strategies that provide greatest potential gain toward all goals
- Implementation discuss transition to implementation including defining specific actions/roles



Existing FTP Strategies Example



Goal: Safety and Security for Residents, Visitors, and Businesses





How Will We Get There?

What's New?

Safer environment for pedestrians, bicyclists, and other vulnerable road users

Automated and connected passenger and freight vehicles

Cybersecurity for transportation



Emphasis Areas

- Combine design, engineering, enforcement, education, and emergency response strategies to reduce fatalities, injuries, and crashes involvina:
- » Vulnerable and at-risk road users, including pedestrians, bicyclists, motorcyclists, aging road users, and teenagers;
- » Unsafe, distracted, and impaired driver and operator behavior; and
- » Lane-departure and intersection crashes.
- Increase safety and security for public transportation users.
- Increase safety and security for users with limited mobility.
- Increase the safety and security of freight movement using all modes, including safe and secure truck parking and other logistics facilities, and separation of or reduced conflict between freight and passenger vehicles.
- Increase the efficiency and capacity of customs, immigration, and other security processes at airports, seaports, and other hubs to accommodate growth in demand including peak flows related to larger vehicles.
- Provide transportation connectivity to Florida's military facilities to support their national security and emergency response functions.

Innovation

- Expand the use of context-sensitive design to improve safety for all customers, especially pedestrians and bicyclists.
- Continue to support research, testing, policy, and deployment activities to realize the anticipated safety benefits of automated and connected vehicle technologies.
- Use technology, information, and operations strategies for all modes to improve transportation security and emergency preparedness and response.
- Enhance transportation security systems to address continuing, new, and emerging threats, such as biosecurity, food security, invasive species, nuclear materials, and human trafficking.
- Provide more diversity and redundancy in the transportation system to allow alternatives for evacuation and response during emergencies.
- Reduce the vulnerability of transportation technologies to hacking, cyberattacks, system failure, and other disruptions.

Collaboration

- Continue to develop and implement safety and security improvement plans for all modes of transportation at the state, regional, and local levels, such as Florida's Strategic Highway Safety Plan.
- Strengthen state and local enforcement and prosecutorial capabilities to ensure compliance with transportation safety and security laws and regulations.
- Develop and implement comprehensive emergency response and recovery plans involving state, regional, and local transportation, law enforcement, and emergency management agencies.
- Coordinate transportation and land use decisions to ensure that transportation corridor improvements intended to enhance emergency evacuation and response are not used to promote additional development in high hazardous areas or areas not planned for growth.
- Identify apportunities to work with federal, military and civil, state, and local partners and the private sector to integrate new aviation and space technologies while ensuring the safety and security of the airspace.

Customers

- Educate all customers, including visitors, about safety and security issues and improvement strategies for all modes.
- Enhance security regulations, processes, communications, information systems, and infrastructure to improve customer service and reduce customer wait time.

Data and Processes

- Support accurate, timely, and complete data collection and reporting of safety and security incidents and exposure for all modes.
- Identify risk factors and develop targeted plans that consider the benefits and costs of potential safety and security improvements.



FLORIDA Transportation Plan

SAFETY AND SECURITY FOR RESIDENTS, VISITORS AND BUSINESSES



FTP and SHSP Strategy Development Process

Existing Strategies Identification

Current FTP Vision Zero Summit and Long-Range Visioning Session

Other FDOT, MPO, and Partner Plans



New Strategies Identification

ACES Subcommittee Resilience Subcommittee Safety Subcommittee FTP Steering Committee

Other Partner and Public Engagement Activities



Strategy Refinement and Prioritization

FTP Steering Committee will prioritize 10-15 key strategies providing the greatest gains or mitigating the greatest risks

SHSP will focus on shorter-term, action-oriented strategies supportive of the specific Emphasis Areas



Proposed Elements of the FTP and SHSP

Vision Element SHSP Performance Policy Element Element **SHSP Strategic Safety** Implementation Coalitions Plan Implementation Element



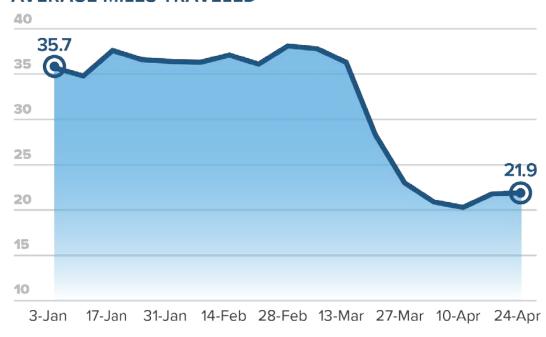


Current Safety Impacts

Current Safety Impacts

FLORIDA FATAL CRASHES 300 270 250 267 250 200 150 2019 2020

AVERAGE MILES TRAVELED



CHANGING TRAVEL PATTERNS IN MARCH/APRIL (FROM BASELINE)

Mar



Jan



-45%



Apr

-70%



-33%



-70%





Feb

What are safety opportunities or gaps based on the trends presented?

"Could the Private Sector benefit (ie credits, incentives) for having people work from home? Gather data from employees and how far they travel to work." "Ways to rethink how the right of way is used" "Pandemic planning" "Encourage Tele-working" "Mental Health / Suicide prevention awareness" "More emphasis on peds and bikes" "Complete active transportation networks" "Capitalize in telecommuting"



Start the presentation to see live content. For screen share software, share the entire screen. Get help at pollev.com/app



"Roadway lighting concerns for bike/ped users"

"Scaling Time to work hours"

"Gaps - additional identification of multi-modal needs"

"Need for better bike lane protection"

"Expand bandwidth access"

"Evaluation of new bike/ped activities to determine additional needs"

"Focus on safety"

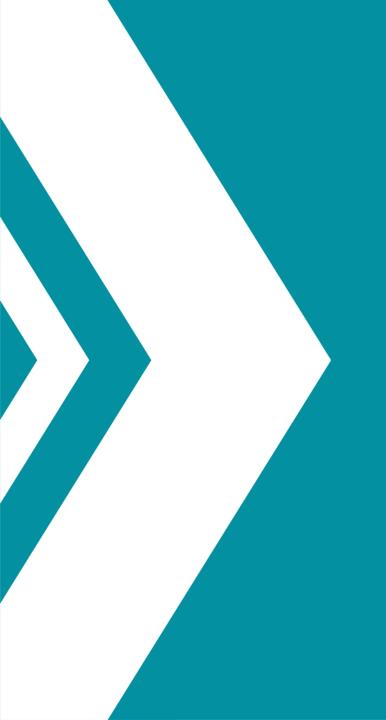
"Design changes to prevent speeding"

"Ongoing awareness about impact of crashes - regardless of number of cars on the road - needed"

"Speed enforcement plans for decrease of traffic"

"Expand public transit and support for alternative travel options to reduce traffic on roadways."

"The need for more access to safe transportation options for those that don't have access to or utilize an automobile"



Review Potential Safety Strategies

Draft Long-Term Safety Strategies (25 Years)

- A. Design and operate **multimodal infrastructure** to reduce crashes.
- B. Expand outreach and communication campaigns to **increase public awareness** of at-risk road users and improve user behaviors.
- C. Provide **education and training** to Florida's transportation safety partners.
- D. Increase enforcement activities focused on highcrash locations and user behaviors to prevent future crashes.
- E. Facilitate **rapid emergency response** to quickly and efficiently clear crashes, treat injuries, and prevent secondary crashes.
- F. Improve the quality and availability of Florida's traffic records data and use that data to strategically apply countermeasures.

- G. Create communities that promote safe and equitable transportation choices.
- H. Support the deployment of technologies to improve safety by reducing human error and expanding available safety applications.
- I. Strategically allocate and align resources among partners including, FDOT Districts, partner agencies, law enforcement, local governments, and MPOs to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities.
- J. Assess and update state and local transportation-related laws and regulations to reflect changing behaviors, technologies, and market trends.



Respond at PollEv.com/fdotplanning







"Since crashes are sporadic spatially, should there be a focus on historical high crash location as well as high crash RISK locations (with no historical crashes) based on roadway and user characteristics?"

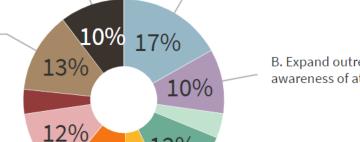


As you consider these safety strategies, select the top 5 you believe would provide the greatest gains to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities and serious injures.



- J. Assess and update state and local transportation-related laws and regulations to reflect changing behaviors, technologies, and market trends.
- I. Strategically allocate and align resources among partners including, FDOT Districts, partner agencies, law enforcement, local governments, and MPOs to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities.

- G. Create communities that promote safe and equitable transportation choices.
- F. Improve the quality and availability of Florida's traffic records data and use that data to strategically apply countermeasures.



A. Design and operate multimodal infrastructure to reduce crashes.

B. Expand outreach and communication campaigns to increase public awareness of at-risk road users and improve user behaviors.

D. Increase enforcement activities focused on high-crash locations and user behaviors to prevent future crashes.

As you consider these safety strategies, select the top 5 you believe would provide the greatest gains to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities and serious injures.

A. Design and operate multimodal infrastructure to reduce crashes. I. Strategically allocate and align resources among partners including, 13% FDOT Districts, partner agencies, law enforcement, local governments, and MPOs to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities. D. Increase enforcement activities focused on high-crash locations 12% and user behaviors to prevent future crashes. F. Improve the quality and availability of Florida's traffic records data 12% and use that data to strategically apply countermeasures. G. Create communities that promote safe and equitable transportation choices.



Results for: As you consider these safety strategies, select the top 5 you believe would provide the greatest gains to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities and serious injures.

Summary

Response	Count	
A. Design and operate multimodal infrastructure to reduce crashes.	13	
I. Strategically allocate and align resources among partners including, FDOT Districts, partner agencies, law enforcement, local governments, and MPOs to advance Florida's vision of zero fatalities.	10	
G. Create communities that promote safe and equitable transportation choices.	9	
F. Improve the quality and availability of Florida's traffic records data and use that data to strategically apply countermeasures.	9	
D. Increase enforcement activities focused on high-crash locations and user behaviors to prevent future crashes.	9	
J. Assess and update state and local transportation-related laws and regulations to reflect changing behaviors, technologies, and market trends.		
B. Expand outreach and communication campaigns to increase public awareness of at-risk road users and improve user behaviors.	8	
E. Facilitate rapid emergency response to quickly and efficiently clear crashes, treat injuries, and prevent secondary crashes.	5	
H. Support the deployment of technologies to improve safety by reducing human error and expanding available safety applications.	3	
C. Provide education and training to Florida's transportation safety partners.	3	
Total	77	



Public Comment

Use the chat box to indicate you have a public comment

Provide your name and county of residence

Please keep comments to no more than 3 minutes



Next Steps

Upcoming Meetings

- Safety Subcommittee Meeting (web meeting)
 - Mid-July (TBD)
 - Discuss SHSP outline/organization
 - Discuss Shorter-term Safety Strategies (5 years)
- FTP Steering Committee Meeting (web meeting)
 - Late July (TBD)
 - Discuss and prioritize Technology, Resilience, State & Interregional, and Safety strategies



SHSP Next Steps

- Finalize Emphasis Area framework
- Identify key strategies and countermeasures



Thank You